# Monthly Financial Report April - FY 2024 



Prepared by: Finance Department

## Table of Contents

Section 1 - General Fund ..... 1
Section 2 - Special Revenue Funds ..... 7
Section 3 - Debt Service Funds ..... 37
Section 4 - Capital Project Funds ..... 42
Section 5 - Cash Position ..... 52
Section 6 - Investments ..... 56
Section 7 - Cash Payments Received on ..... 60

# Section 1 

## General Fund

MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT

## REVENUE ANALYSIS

## Revenues by Source

| Revenues | FY 2023 YTD |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% of Total Rev } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ |  | 024 YTD* | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% of Total Rev } \\ 2024 \end{gathered}$ |  | nce FY23 <br> FY24 | \% Variance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property Taxes | \$ | 448,678,763 | 59.99\% | \$ | 485,120,209 | 59.29\% | \$ | 36,441,446 | 8.12\% |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 95,140,345 | 12.72\% | \$ | 89,097,869 | 10.89\% | \$ | $(6,042,476)$ | -6.35\% |
| Licenses and Permits | \$ | 61,710,705 | 8.25\% | \$ | 67,966,907 | 8.31\% | \$ | 6,256,202 | 10.14\% |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | \$ | 49,425,929 | 6.61\% | \$ | 53,002,888 | 6.48\% | \$ | 3,576,959 | 7.24\% |
| Franchise and Other Taxes | \$ | 58,022,975 | 7.76\% | \$ | 62,876,557 | 7.68\% | \$ | 4,853,582 | 8.36\% |
| Fines and Forfeitures | \$ | 3,726,457 | 0.50\% | \$ | 4,256,672 | 0.52\% | \$ | 530,215 | 14.23\% |
| Other | \$ | 4,040,195 | 0.54\% | \$ | 5,179,270 | 0.63\% | \$ | 1,139,074 | 28.19\% |
| Investment Earnings (Loss) | \$ | 18,039,896 | 2.41\% | \$ | 24,738,945 | 3.02\% | \$ | 6,699,049 | 37.13\% |
| Proceeds from Sale of Properties | \$ | 667,328 | 0.09\% | \$ | 305,684 | 0.04\% | \$ | $(361,644)$ | -54.19\% |
| Transfers In | \$ | 8,523,701 | 1.14\% | \$ | 25,671,965 | 3.14\% | \$ | 17,148,264 | 201.18\% |
| Total | \$ | 747,976,294 | 100\% | \$ | 818,216,965 | 100\% | \$ | 70,240,671 | 9.39\% |



The total General Fund revenue collected as of April 30, 2024 was $\$ 818,216,965$. Property Taxes was the largest category making up $59.29 \%$ of the total revenue for the General Fund


As of April 30, 2024, General Fund revenue is higher than FY 2023 by $\$ 70.2$ million or $9.39 \%$, primarily due to increase in Property Taxes by $\$ 36.4$ million and Transfers In by $\$ 17$ million. Property Taxes which are usually collected in December.

MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT

| Revenues Budget to Actual |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ANALYSIS BY REVENUE TYPE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues | FY24 Amended Budget* | \% of Year completedBudget*夫 | FY24 Budget YTD | FY24 Actuals YTD*** | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget <br> - Actuals (YTD) |
| Property Taxes | 529,682,000 | 58.33\% | 308,981,167 | 485,120,209 | 91.59\% | 176,139,042 |
| Charges for Services | 132,737,000 | 58.33\% | 77,429,917 | 89,097,869 | 67.12\% | 11,667,952 |
| Licenses and Permits | 87,898,000 | 58.33\% | 51,273,833 | 67,966,907 | 77.32\% | 16,693,074 |
| Intergovernmental Revenues | 111,569,000 | 58.33\% | 65,081,917 | 53,002,888 | 47.51\% | $(12,079,029)$ |
| Franchise and Other Taxes | 131,767,000 | 58.33\% | 76,864,083 | 62,876,557 | 47.72\% | $(13,987,527)$ |
| Fines and Forfeitures | 6,743,000 | 58.33\% | 3,933,417 | 4,256,672 | 63.13\% | 323,256 |
| Other | 5,620,000 | 58.33\% | 3,278,333 | 5,179,270 | 92.16\% | 1,900,936 |
| Investment Earnings (Loss) | 11,508,000 | 58.33\% | 6,713,000 | 24,738,945 | 214.97\% | 18,025,945 |
| Proceeds from Sale of Properties | 152,000 | 58.33\% | 88,667 | 305,684 | 201.11\% | 217,017 |
| Transfers In | 25,390,000 | 58.33\% | 14,810,833 | 25,671,965 | 101.11\% | 10,861,132 |
| Total | 1,043,066,000 | 58.33\% | 608,455,167 | 818,216,965 | 78.44\% | 209,761,798 |




As shown on the above chart, the total collected revenue is higher than its YTD budgeted amount. As of April 30, 2024, the difference was $35 \%$. However, compared to amended annual budget, the actual revenue collected is $78.44 \%$. The majority of revenues are collected between the months of December and April. Property Taxes are the major source of General Fund revenue

* Figures provided by the Budget Department
*** This should be used as a general guide, since most Revenue and Expenditure do not follow a linear pattern.
*** Unaudited figures

MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT

## EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS

## Expenditures by Function

| Expenditures | FY 2023 YTD |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% of Total Exp } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ | FY 2024 YTD* |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% of Total Exp } \\ 2024 \end{gathered}$ |  | nce FY23 FY24 | \% Variance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public Safety | \$ | 377,823,150 | 55.61\% | \$ | 409,661,027 | 54.88\% | \$ | 31,837,876 | 8.43\% |
| General Government | \$ | 149,710,012 | 22.04\% | \$ | 167,445,169 | 22.43\% | \$ | 17,735,157 | 11.85\% |
| Public Works | \$ | 71,756,694 | 10.56\% | \$ | 81,821,760 | 10.96\% | \$ | 10,065,067 | 14.03\% |
| Other | \$ | 53,809,818 | 7.92\% | \$ | 55,150,419 | 7.39\% | \$ | 1,340,600 | 2.49\% |
| Planning and Development | \$ | 26,270,879 | 3.87\% | \$ | 32,405,264 | 4.34\% | \$ | 6,134,385 | 23.35\% |
| Total | \$ | 679,370,553 | 100\% | \$ | 746,483,639 | 100\% | \$ | 67,113,085 | 9.88\% |



The total General Fund expenditures as of April 30, 2024 were $\$ 746,483,639$. Public Safety was the largest expenditure category with $54 \%$ of total expenditures for the General Fund


Compared to the total expenditures of the General Fund the prior year to date, the figure as of April 30,2024 is higher by $9.8 \%$. The variance is mainly due to increase in Public Safety for Police and Fire - FIPO by $\$ 12.9$ million and General Government for $\$ 34.2$ million due to Transfer Out-Interfund Transfers.

## Expenditures Budget to Actual

| ANALYSIS BY GOVERNMENT FUNCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Expenditures | FY24 Amended Budget* | \% of Year completedBudaet** | FY24 Budget YTD | FY24 Actuals YTD*** | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget - Actuals (YTD) |
| Public Safety | 566,693,000 | 58.33\% | 330,570,917 | 409,661,027 | 72.29\% | 79,090,110 |
| General Government | 230,107,000 | 58.33\% | 134,229,083 | 167,445,169 | 72.77\% | 33,216,086 |
| Public Works | 117,895,000 | 58.33\% | 68,772,083 | 81,821,760 | 69.40\% | 13,049,677 |
| Other | 79,050,000 | 58.33\% | 46,112,500 | 55,150,419 | 69.77\% | 9,037,919 |
| Planning and Development | 49,321,000 | 58.33\% | 28,770,583 | 32,405,264 | 65.70\% | 3,634,681 |
| Total | 1,043,066,000 | 58.33\% | 608,455,167 | 746,483,639 | 71.57\% | 138,028,472 |




As of April 30, 2024, Public Safety, General Government, Public Works, Other, and Planning and Development actual expenditures were higher than its YTD Budget.

* Figures provided by the Budget Department
** This should be used as a general guide, since most Revenue and Expenditure do not follow a linear pattern.
*** Unaudited figures


## Internal Service Fund

## Revenue Analysis



The Internal Service Fund is used mainly to reflect the contribution from the departments to Health insurance, Workers compensation and other general costs such as the ones related to IT.

## Expenditure Analysis



The Internal Service Fund expenditures are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 857,871$ dollars or $1.3 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the year to date expenditures constitute 59.09\%.

[^0]
## Section 2

## Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds (SRF) are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following are the SRF as of April 30, 2024.

- Bayfront Park Land Acquisition Trust
- City Clerk Services
- Civilian Investigative Panel
- Community Development
- Community Development - Housing Choice Voucher Program (Section 8)
- Community Development - Mainstream Voucher Program
- Community Development - State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)
- Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) - Midtown
- Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) - Omni
- Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) - SEOPW
- Departmental Improvement Initiatives
- Economic Development and Planning Services
- Emergency Services
- Fire Rescue Services
- General Special Revenue
- Human Services
- Law Enforcement Trust
- Liberty City Revitalization Trust
- Little Haiti Revitalization Trust
- Miami Ballpark Parking Facilities
- Parks and Recreation Services
- Police Services
- Public Works Services
- Solid Waste Recycling Trust
- Transportation and Transit
- Virginia Key Beach Park Trust


## REVENUE OVERVIEW

The primary sources of revenue for the Special Revenue Funds (SRF) of the City of Miami consist of taxes, grants, assessments, and fees. As of April 30, 2024, year to date revenues were $\$ 193,302,406$. The revenues by fund are depicted in the following chart:

## REVENUE BY FUND



As revealed by the chart, Southeast Overtown / Park West Community Redevelopment Agency (SEOPW CRA), Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (Omni CRA), and Transportation and Transit funds contribute approximately $60 \%$ of total revenues for the City's SRF. These funds show revenues of $\$ 53,478,257, \$ 39,006,226$, and $\$ 23,877,567$ respectively.

## Revenue

During April 2024, the City received most of its revenue from Southeast Overtown / Park West Community Redevelopment Agency (SEOPW CRA). The second largest program is Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (Omni CRA). As of April 30, 2024, the City received Housing Opportunities for Persons With Aids (HOPWA) and Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) revenues of approximately $\$ 8,443,023$ and $\$ 2,782,050$ respectively.

## MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT

## EXPENDITURES OVERVIEW

The expenditures for the SRF were $\$ 147,252,113$ as of April 30, 2024, and, Southeast Overtown / Park West Community Redevelopment Agency (SEOPW CRA), Emergency Services and Omni Community Redevelopment Agency (Omni CRA) funds had the highest expenditures within the SRF. These funds represent approximately $50 \%$ of total expenditure as demonstrated below.

## EXPENDITURES BY FUND



## For the Non-Reimbursable, Non-Reimbursable Expenditures of Grant Programs

The Finance Department is responsible for reporting expenses incurred which are not reimbursable under grant programs per the Financial Integrity Principles, Chapter 18 of the Code of the City of Miami. For the month ending April 30, 2024, there were no nonreimbursable expenditures to report.

## City Clerk Services Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the City Clerk Services Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 824,447$ dollars or $75.54 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $14.27 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the City Clerk Services Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 925,978$ dollars or $84.84 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $8.84 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^1]
## Civilian Investigative Panel

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Civilian Investigative Panel revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 579,167$ dollars or $71.43 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $100 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Civilian Investigative Panel expenditures are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 15,212$ dollars or $1.88 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $59.43 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^2]
## Mainstream Vouchers Program Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Mainstream Vouchers Program Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 41,714$ dollars or $11.39 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes 51.69\%.

## Expenditure Analysis



[^3] the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $51.06 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^4]
## MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT

as of April 30, 2024
Community Development Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Community Development Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 21,588,587$ dollars or $57.71 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $24.67 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Community Development Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 23,464,009$ dollars or $62.73 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $21.74 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^5]
## Revenue Analysis

| BUDGET TO ACTUAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | FY24 Amended <br> Budget (Year)* | \% of Year <br> complete - <br> Budget** | FY24 Budget <br> (YTD) | FY24 <br> Actuals <br> (Month*** | FY24 Actuals <br> (YTD) | YTD Actual <br> to Budget | Variance <br> Budget - <br> Actuals (YTD) |
| Oct | $2,230,000$ | $8.33 \%$ | 185,833 | 207,533 | 207,533 | $9.31 \%$ | $(21,700)$ |
| Nov | $2,230,000$ | $16.67 \%$ | 371,667 | 487,504 | 695,037 | $31.17 \%$ | $(323,370)$ |
| Dec | $2,230,000$ | $25.00 \%$ | 557,500 | $(30)$ | 695,007 | $31.17 \%$ | $(137,507)$ |
| Jan | $2,230,000$ | $33.33 \%$ | 743,333 | 277,464 | 972,471 | $43.61 \%$ | $(229,138)$ |
| Feb | $2,230,000$ | $41.67 \%$ | 929,167 | 261,531 | $1,234,002$ | $55.34 \%$ | $(304,835)$ |
| Mar | $2,230,000$ | $50.00 \%$ | $1,115,000$ | 499,057 | $1,733,059$ | $77.72 \%$ | $(618,059)$ |
| Apr | $2,230,000$ | $58.33 \%$ | $1,300,833$ | 17,852 | $1,750,911$ | $78.52 \%$ | $(450,078)$ |
| May | $2,230,000$ | $66.67 \%$ | $1,486,667$ |  |  |  |  |
| Jun | $2,230,000$ | $75.00 \%$ | $1,672,500$ |  |  |  |  |
| Jul | $2,230,000$ | $83.33 \%$ | $1,858,333$ |  |  |  |  |
| Aug | $2,230,000$ | $91.67 \%$ | $2,044,167$ |  |  |  |  |
| Sep | $2,230,000$ | $100.00 \%$ | $2,230,000$ |  |  |  |  |

REVENUE TRENDS FY 2022-2024

$\square 2022 \square 2023 \square 2024$

As of April 30, 2024, the Housing Choice Voucher Program Special Revenue Fund revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 450,078$ dollars or $34.6 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $78.52 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Housing Choice Voucher Program Special Revenue Fund expenditures are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 493,406$ dollars or $37.93 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $80.46 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^6]
## SHIP Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the SHIP Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 4,444,153$ dollars or $85.57 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $8.42 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the SHIP Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 4,380,007$ dollars or $84.34 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $9.14 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^7]
## Midtown CRA Special Revenue

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Midtown CRA Special Revenue revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 5,346,972$ dollars or $68.22 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $98.13 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Midtown CRA Special Revenue expenditures are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,204,033$ dollars or $15.36 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $67.29 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^8]
## OMNI CRA Special Revenue

## Revenue Analysis

| BUDG | T TO ACTU | AL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | REVENUE TRENDS FY 2022-2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget Actuals (YTD) | $\begin{aligned} & n \\ & \frac{0}{C} \\ & \tilde{0} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | 40,000 35,000 |  |
| Oct | 62,699,229 | 8.33\% | 5,224,936 | 33,304 | 33,304 | 0.05\% | 5,191,631 |  | 30,000 |  |
| Nov | 62,699,229 | 16.67\% | 10,449,872 | 167,047 | 200,352 | 0.32\% | 10,249,520 |  |  |  |
| Dec | 62,699,229 | 25.00\% | 15,674,807 | 36,463,099 | 36,663,450 | 58.48\% | $(20,988,643)$ |  | 25,000 |  |
| Jan | 62,699,229 | 33.33\% | 20,899,743 | 175,242 | 36,838,692 | 58.75\% | $(15,938,949)$ |  | 20,000 |  |
| Feb | 62,699,229 | 41.67\% | 26,124,679 | 1,722,499 | 38,561,191 | 61.50\% | $(12,436,512)$ |  |  |  |
| Mar | 62,699,229 | 50.00\% | 31,349,615 | 314,786 | 38,875,976 | 62.00\% | $(7,526,362)$ |  | 15,000 |  |
| Apr | 62,699,229 | 58.33\% | 36,574,550 | 130,250 | 39,006,226 | 62.21\% | $(2,431,676)$ |  | 10,000 |  |
| May | 62,699,229 | 66.67\% | 41,799,486 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jun | 62,699,229 | 75.00\% | 47,024,422 |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |  |
| Jul | 62,699,229 | 83.33\% | 52,249,358 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ㄴ |
| Aug | 62,699,229 | 91.67\% | 57,474,293 |  |  |  |  |  |  | b Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep |
| Sep | 62,699,229 | 100.00\% | 62,699,229 |  |  |  |  |  | $(5,000)$ |  |

As of April 30, 2024, the OMNI CRA Special Revenue revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 2,431,676$ dollars or $6.65 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $62.21 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the OMNI CRA Special Revenue expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 16,839,487$ dollars or $46.04 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $31.48 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^9]
## Departmental Improvement Initiative Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30,2024, the Departmental Improvement Initiative Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 31,103,386$ dollars or $82.14 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $10.42 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Departmental Improvement Initiative Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 32,236,247$ dollars or $85.13 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $8.68 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^10]
## Economic Development \& Planning Services Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis

| BUDG | TO ACTUA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | REVENUE TRENDS FY 2022-2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 Amended Budget (Year)* | $\%$ of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 <br> Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget Actuals (YTD) | $\stackrel{n}{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,000 \\ & 6,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Oct | 25,720,000 | 8.33\% | 2,143,333 | 787,102 | 787,102 | 3.06\% | 1,356,232 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 믇 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Nov | 25,720,000 | 16.67\% | 4,286,667 | 3,363,632 | 4,150,734 | 16.14\% | 135,933 |  | 5,000 |  |
| Dec | 25,720,000 | 25.00\% | 6,430,000 | 461,192 | 4,611,926 | 17.93\% | 1,818,074 |  |  |  |
| Jan | 25,720,000 | 33.33\% | 8,573,333 | 130,182 | 4,742,108 | 18.44\% | 3,831,226 |  | 4,000 |  |
| Feb | 25,720,000 | 41.67\% | 10,716,667 | 1,070,084 | 5,812,192 | 22.60\% | 4,904,475 |  |  |  |
| Mar | 25,720,000 | 50.00\% | 12,860,000 | 285,953 | 6,098,145 | 23.71\% | 6,761,855 |  | 3,000 |  |
| Apr | 25,720,000 | 58.33\% | 15,003,333 | 6,484,839 | 12,582,985 | 48.92\% | 2,420,349 |  |  |  |
| May | 25,720,000 | 66.67\% | 17,146,667 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,000 |  |
| Jun | 25,720,000 | 75.00\% | 19,290,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jul | 25,720,000 | 83.33\% | 21,433,333 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,000 |  |
| Aug | 25,720,000 | 91.67\% | 23,576,667 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Sep | 25,720,000 | 100.00\% | 25,720,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep |

As of April 30, 2024, the Economic Development \& Planning Services Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 2,420,349$ dollars or $16.13 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes 48.92\%.

## Expenditure Analysis

| BUDG | ET TO ACTUA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EXPEN | DITURE TRENDS FY 2022-2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 <br> Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget Actuals (YTD) | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { n } \\ \stackrel{n}{\Gamma} \\ \stackrel{\pi}{0} & 4,500 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Oct | 25,720,000 | 8.33\% | 2,143,333 | 65,510 | 65,510 | 0.25\% | 2,077,823 | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\text { On }}$ 4,000 |  |  |
| Nov | 25,720,000 | 16.67\% | 4,286,667 | 30,716 | 96,226 | 0.37\% | 4,190,441 | $\stackrel{\text { F }}{ }$ |  |  |
| Dec | 25,720,000 | 25.00\% | 6,430,000 | 136,878 | 233,104 | 0.91\% | 6,196,896 | 3,500 |  |  |
| Jan | 25,720,000 | 33.33\% | 8,573,333 | 62,057 | 295,161 | 1.15\% | 8,278,172 | 3,000 |  |  |
| Feb | 25,720,000 | 41.67\% | 10,716,667 | 58,152 | 353,314 | 1.37\% | 10,363,353 | 2,500 |  |  |
| Mar | 25,720,000 | 50.00\% | 12,860,000 | 28,537 | 381,850 | 1.48\% | 12,478,150 |  |  |  |
| Apr | 25,720,000 | 58.33\% | 15,003,333 | 35,707 | 417,557 | 1.62\% | 14,585,776 | 2,000 |  |  |
| May | 25,720,000 | 66.67\% | 17,146,667 |  |  |  |  | 1,500 |  |  |
| Jun | 25,720,000 | 75.00\% | 19,290,000 |  |  |  |  | 1,000 |  |  |
| Jul | 25,720,000 | 83.33\% | 21,433,333 |  |  |  |  | 500 |  |  |
| Aug | 25,720,000 | 91.67\% | 23,576,667 |  |  |  |  | 500 |  |  |
| Sep | 25,720,000 | 100.00\% | 25,720,000 |  |  |  |  |  | Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Ma | Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep |

[^11] Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $1.62 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^12]
## Emergency Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Emergency Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 45,547,711$ dollars or $79.71 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $11.83 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



[^13][^14]
## SEOPW CRA Special Revenue

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the SEOPW CRA Special Revenue revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 8,757,017$ dollars or $14.07 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $50.13 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the SEOPW CRA Special Revenue expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 29,532,466$ dollars or $47.45 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $30.65 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^15]
## Liberty City Revitalization Trust Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Liberty City Revitalization Trust Special Revenue Fund revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 40,411$ dollars or $8.32 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $63.18 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



[^16] the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $54.36 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^17]
## Fire Rescue Services Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Fire Rescue Services Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 29,217,019$ dollars or $96.56 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $2.01 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Fire Rescue Services Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 20,401,197$ dollars or $67.42 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $19 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^18]
## General Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the General Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,595,747$ dollars or $77.54 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes 13.1\%.

## Expenditure Analysis

| BUDG | T TO ACTU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EXPENDITURE TRENDS FY 2022-2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 <br> Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 <br> Actuals (Month) *** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget Actuals (YTD) | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { n } & 700 \\ \text { cin } & \\ \text { 厄in } \end{array}$ |  |
| Oct | 3,528,000 | 8.33\% | 294,000 | 19,397 | 19,397 | 0.55\% | 274,603 | - |  |
| Nov | 3,528,000 | 16.67\% | 588,000 | 62,921 | 82,318 | 2.33\% | 505,682 | F 500 |  |
| Dec | 3,528,000 | 25.00\% | 882,000 | $(17,409)$ | 64,909 | 1.84\% | 817,091 | 0 |  |
| Jan | 3,528,000 | 33.33\% | 1,176,000 | 64,630 | 129,539 | 3.67\% | 1,046,461 |  |  |
| Feb | 3,528,000 | 41.67\% | 1,470,000 | 72,272 | 201,812 | 5.72\% | 1,268,188 | 300 |  |
| Mar | 3,528,000 | 50.00\% | 1,764,000 | 273,829 | 475,641 | 13.48\% | 1,288,359 |  |  |
| Apr | 3,528,000 | 58.33\% | 2,058,000 | 218,577 | 694,218 | 19.68\% | 1,363,782 | 200 | 7 |
| May | 3,528,000 | 66.67\% | 2,352,000 |  |  |  |  | 100 | - - - |
| Jun | 3,528,000 | 75.00\% | 2,646,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jul | 3,528,000 | 83.33\% | 2,940,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug | 3,528,000 | 91.67\% | 3,234,000 |  |  |  |  |  | Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep |
| Sep | 3,528,000 | 100.00\% | 3,528,000 |  |  |  |  | (100) |  |

Consistently, the General Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,363,782$ dollars or $66.27 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $19.68 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^19]
## Human Services Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Human Services Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 976,611$ dollars or $58.92 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $23.96 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Human Services Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 536,547$ dollars or $32.37 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $39.45 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^20]
## Law Enforcement Trust Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis

| BUDGET TO ACTUAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 <br> Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 <br> Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 <br> Actuals <br> (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance <br> Budget - <br> Actuals (YTD) |
| Oct | 1,676,000 | 8.33\% | 139,667 | 192,482 | 192,482 | 11.48\% | $(52,816)$ |
| Nov | 1,676,000 | 16.67\% | 279,333 | (751) | 191,731 | 11.44\% | 87,602 |
| Dec | 1,676,000 | 25.00\% | 419,000 | 4,837 | 196,568 | 11.73\% | 222,432 |
| Jan | 1,676,000 | 33.33\% | 558,667 | 2,665 | 199,232 | 11.89\% | 359,434 |
| Feb | 1,676,000 | 41.67\% | 698,333 | 1,524 | 200,757 | 11.98\% | 497,576 |
| Mar | 1,676,000 | 50.00\% | 838,000 | 2,534 | 203,291 | 12.13\% | 634,709 |
| Apr | 1,676,000 | 58.33\% | 977,667 | 1,802 | 205,094 | 12.24\% | 772,573 |
| May | 1,676,000 | 66.67\% | 1,117,333 |  |  |  |  |
| Jun | 1,676,000 | 75.00\% | 1,257,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Jul | 1,676,000 | 83.33\% | 1,396,667 |  |  |  |  |
| Aug | 1,676,000 | 91.67\% | 1,536,333 |  |  |  |  |
| Sep | 1,676,000 | 100.00\% | 1,676,000 |  |  |  |  |


■ 2022 ■ 2023 ■ 2024

As of April 30, 2024, the Law Enforcement Trust Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 772,573$ dollars or $79.02 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $12.24 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Law Enforcement Trust Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 839,015$ dollars or $85.82 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $8.27 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^21]
## Little Haiti Revitalization Trust Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Little Haiti Revitalization Trust Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 3,310,695$ dollars or $88.01 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes 7\%.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Little Haiti Revitalization Trust Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 3,576,596$ dollars or $95.07 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $2.87 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^22]
## Miami Ballpark Parking Facilities Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis

| BUDGET TO ACTUAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Month | FY24 <br> Amended <br> Budget <br> (Year) | \% of Year <br> complete - <br> Budget** | FY24 Budget <br> (YTD) | FY24 <br> Actuals <br> (Month) | FY24 <br> Actuals <br> (YTD) | YTD Actual <br> to Budget | Variance <br> Budget - <br> Actuals (YTD) |
| Oct | $13,902,000$ | $8.33 \%$ | $1,158,500$ | 161,387 | 161,387 | $1.16 \%$ | 997,113 |
| Nov | $13,902,000$ | $16.67 \%$ | $2,317,000$ | 69 | 161,456 | $1.16 \%$ | $2,155,544$ |
| Dec | $13,902,000$ | $25.00 \%$ | $3,475,500$ | 98,322 | 259,778 | $1.87 \%$ | $3,215,722$ |
| Jan | $13,902,000$ | $33.33 \%$ | $4,634,000$ | 22,672 | 282,451 | $2.03 \%$ | $4,351,549$ |
| Feb | $13,902,000$ | $41.67 \%$ | $5,792,500$ | 76,058 | 358,508 | $2.58 \%$ | $5,433,992$ |
| Mar | $13,902,000$ | $50.00 \%$ | $6,951,000$ | 228,509 | 587,017 | $4.22 \%$ | $6,363,983$ |
| Apr | $13,902,000$ | $58.33 \%$ | $8,109,500$ | 60,731 | 647,749 | $4.66 \%$ | $7,461,751$ |
| May | $13,902,000$ | $66.67 \%$ | $9,268,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Jun | $13,902,000$ | $75.00 \%$ | $10,426,500$ |  |  |  |  |
| Jul | $13,902,000$ | $83.33 \%$ | $11,585,000$ |  |  |  |  |
| Aug | $13,902,000$ | $91.67 \%$ | $12,743,500$ |  |  |  |  |
| Sep | $13,902,000$ | $100.00 \%$ | $13,902,000$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



As of April 30, 2024, the Miami Ballpark Parking Facilities Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 7,461,751$ dollars or $92.01 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $4.66 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Miami Ballpark Parking Facilities Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 3,779,069$ dollars or $46.6 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $31.15 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^23]Parks \& Recreation Services Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Parks \& Recreation Services Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 209,146$ dollars or $44.76 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $32.22 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



[^24] accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $56.79 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^25]
## Police Services Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Police Services Special Revenue Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 5,576,438$ dollars or $61.91 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $22.22 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Police Services Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 2,171,868$ dollars or $24.11 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $44.27 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^26]
## Public Works Services Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis


 the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $40.34 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Public Works Services Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,565,267$ dollars or $33.08 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $39.04 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^27]
## Solid Waste Recycling Trust

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Solid Waste Recycling Trust revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 33,203$ dollars or $49.07 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $29.71 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



[^28] expenditures year to date constitute $1.79 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend

[^29]
## Bayfront Park Land Acquisition Trust Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Bayfront Park Land Acquisition Trust Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,094,750$ dollars or $90.27 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $5.68 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Bayfront Park Land Acquisition Trust Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,212,750$ dollars or $100 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $0 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend

[^30]Transportation and Transit Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Transportation and Transit Special Revenue Fund revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by \$10,046,733 dollars or $72.64 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes 100.71\%.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Transportation and Transit Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,122,855$ dollars or $8.12 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $53.6 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

* Figures provided by the Budget Department
** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
*** Unaudited figures


## Virginia Key Beach Park Trust Special Revenue Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Virginia Key Beach Park Trust Special Revenue Fund revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 618,249$ dollars or $69.64 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes 98.95\%.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Virginia Key Beach Park Trust Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 70,489$ dollars or $7.94 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $53.7 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^31]
## Section 3

## Debt Service Funds

The City of Miami has the following General Obligation Bonds, Special Obligation Bonds, Loans and Leases outstanding as of April 30, 2024.

| Type | Outstanding Debt | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Obligation Bonds | 51,800,000 | 8\% |
| Special Obligation Bonds | 592,774,068 | 88\% |
| Loans and Leases | 30,706,134 | 4\% |
| TOTAL | \$ 675,280,202 | 100\% |

OUTSTANDING DEBT


## General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 8,307,618$ dollars or $54.86 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $90.34 \%$. The revenues are recorded when Miami-Dade County remits the City's portion of taxes collected.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the General Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 3,136,643$ dollars or 20.71\%. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $46.25 \%$. The majority of debt service expenditures are recorded in January and July timeframe, based on amortization schedule.

[^32]
## Community Redevelopment Agency

## Revenue Analysis



CRA is a component unit and its Debt Service fund is not included in the budget of the City of Miami. Revenues for this fund are recorded between March and September.

## Expenditure Analysis



CRA is a component unit and its Debt Service fund is not included in the budget of the City of Miami. Expenditures for this fund are recorded between March and September.

[^33]Special Obligation Bonds, Loans, and Leases Debt Service

## Revenue Analysis

 Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $112.83 \%$. The majority of the revenue is received through an appropriation transfer posted before the end of the fiscal year.

## Expenditure Analysis



[^34] the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $89.07 \%$. Periodic debt service payments are made based on amortization schedule.

[^35]
## Section 4

## Capital Project Funds

The financial resources of capital project funds come from several different sources including general obligation bonds, state and federal government grants, and appropriations from the general or special revenue funds.

The City of Miami has six capital project funds, as follows:

- Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) - To account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for community redevelopment in the defined Community Redevelopment Area.
- Transportation and Transit - To account for expenditures for the improvement to infrastructure that enhances transportation options, improves safety, and increases mobility within city limits.
- General Obligation Bond (GOB) - To account for the receipt and disbursement of bond proceeds from general obligation debt to be used for construction and/or acquisition activities for the city.
- Special Obligation Bond (SOB) - To account for the receipt and disbursement of bond proceeds from special obligation debt and loan agreements to be used for construction and/or acquisition activities for the city.
- Impact Fee - To account for the collection of impact fees and the cost of capital improvement projects for the type of improvement for which the impact fee was imposed.
- Other Capital Projects - To account for and report on funds received from various resources (primarily from current revenues, federal and state grants) designated for construction projects.


## REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE OVERVIEW

As of April 2024, the total revenues for the capital project funds were $\$ 329,572,725$. Special Obligation Bonds reflect the highest revenue level as of April 30, 2024, with a total of $\$ 277,210,682$, which represents $84 \%$ of total revenues, as demonstrated below:

## REVENUE BY FUNDING SOURCE



The total capital project expenditures as of April 30, 2024, were $\$ 49,708,823$. Other Capital Projects make up $58 \%$ of total expenditures for capital improvement programs, with a total of $\$ 29,065,231$. The chart below depicts capital project expenditures by fund as of April 30, 2024.

## EXPENDITURES BY FUND



## CRA Capital Projects Fund

## Revenue Analysis

| BUDG | TO AC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | REVENUE TRENDS FY 2022-2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 <br> Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget Actuals (YTD) |  |  |
| Oct | - | 8.33\% | - | - | - | 0.00\% | - | ¢ | 8 |
| Nov | - | 16.67\% | - | - | - | 0.00\% | - |  |  |
| Dec | - | 25.00\% | - | - | - | 0.00\% | - |  |  |
| Jan | - | 33.33\% | - | - | - | 0.00\% | - |  | 6 |
| Feb | - | 41.67\% | - | - | - | 0.00\% | - |  | 5 |
| Mar | - | 50.00\% | - | - | - | 0.00\% | - |  |  |
| Apr | - | 58.33\% | - | - | - | 0.00\% | - |  |  |
| May | - | 66.67\% | - |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| Jun | - | 75.00\% | - |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Jul | - | 83.33\% | - |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Aug | - | 91.67\% | - |  |  |  |  |  | - - - - - - |
| Sep | - | 100.00\% | - |  |  |  |  |  | Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep |

CRA is a blended component unit of the City of Miami. This fund reflects the activity of the CRA Bonds proceeds series 2014, 2018A, and 2018B.

## Expenditure Analysis



[^36] date constitute $0 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^37]
## General Obligation Bonds

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the General Obligation Bonds revenues reflect interest earned on unspent Bond Proceeds.

## Expenditure Analysis

| BUDG | ET TO ACTUA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | EXPENDITURE TRENDS FY 2022-2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget - Actuals (YTD) | $\sim^{\square} 6,000$ |  |
| Oct | 176,558,327 | 8.33\% | 14,713,194 | 1,132,323 | 1,132,323 | 0.64\% | 13,580,870 | ¢ 5 ¢ 000 |  |
| Nov | 176,558,327 | 16.67\% | 29,426,388 | 1,333,428 | 2,465,751 | 1.40\% | 26,960,637 | ठ |  |
| Dec | 176,558,327 | 25.00\% | 44,139,582 | 34,831 | 2,500,582 | 1.42\% | 41,639,000 | F 4,000 |  |
| Jan | 176,558,327 | 33.33\% | 58,852,776 | 1,100,795 | 3,601,377 | 2.04\% | 55,251,398 | 3,000 |  |
| Feb | 176,558,327 | 41.67\% | 73,565,969 | 5,416,738 | 9,018,115 | 5.11\% | 64,547,855 |  |  |
| Mar | 176,558,327 | 50.00\% | 88,279,163 | 681,173 | 9,699,288 | 5.49\% | 78,579,876 | 2,000 |  |
| Apr | 176,558,327 | 58.33\% | 102,992,357 | 950,099 | 10,649,387 | 6.03\% | 92,342,970 | 1,000 | 77 - |
| May | 176,558,327 | 66.67\% | 117,705,551 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jun | 176,558,327 | 75.00\% | 132,418,745 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jul | 176,558,327 | 83.33\% | 147,131,939 |  |  |  |  | ,000) | act Nov Ded Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep |
| Aug | 176,558,327 | 91.67\% | 161,845,133 |  |  |  |  | ) |  |
| Sep | 176,558,327 | 100.00\% | 176,558,327 |  |  |  |  | $(2,000)$ |  |

Consistently, the General Obligation Bonds expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 92,342,970$ dollars or $89.66 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $6.03 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^38]
## Impact Fee

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Impact Fee revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 1,119,810$ dollars or $5.7 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $55.01 \%$.

## Expenditure Analysis

| BUDG | TO ACTL | AL |  |  |  |  |  |  | EXPENDITURE TRENDS FY 2022-2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | FY24 <br> Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 <br> Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget - <br> Actuals (YTD) | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { ñ } \\ \stackrel{n}{0} \\ \underset{\sim}{0} & 14,000 \end{array}$ |  |
| Oct | 33,660,685 | 8.33\% | 2,805,057 | 1,709,420 | 1,709,420 | 5.08\% | 1,095,637 | O | - |
| Nov | 33,660,685 | 16.67\% | 5,610,114 | 669,193 | 2,378,613 | 7.07\% | 3,231,501 | $\stackrel{\text { }}{ } 12,000$ |  |
| Dec | 33,660,685 | 25.00\% | 8,415,171 | $(966,554)$ | 1,412,060 | 4.19\% | 7,003,112 | 10,000 |  |
| Jan | 33,660,685 | 33.33\% | 11,220,228 | 268,838 | 1,680,897 | 4.99\% | 9,539,331 | 8,000 |  |
| Feb | 33,660,685 | 41.67\% | 14,025,286 | 611,638 | 2,292,535 | 6.81\% | 11,732,750 | 8,000 |  |
| Mar | 33,660,685 | 50.00\% | 16,830,343 | 3,088,255 | 5,380,790 | 15.99\% | 11,449,552 | 6,000 |  |
| Apr | 33,660,685 | 58.33\% | 19,635,400 | 2,065,135 | 7,445,925 | 22.12\% | 12,189,475 | 4,000 |  |
| May | 33,660,685 | 66.67\% | 22,440,457 |  |  |  |  | 4,000 |  |
| Jun | 33,660,685 | 75.00\% | 25,245,514 |  |  |  |  | 2,000 |  |
| Jul | 33,660,685 | 83.33\% | 28,050,571 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug | 33,660,685 | 91.67\% | 30,855,628 |  |  |  |  |  | Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep |
| Sep | 33,660,685 | 100.00\% | 33,660,685 |  |  |  |  | $(2,000)$ |  |

[^39][^40]
## Other Capital Projects Fund

## Revenue Analysis



As of April 30, 2024, the Other Capital Projects Fund revenues are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 260,681,444$ dollars or $88.62 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes 6.64\%

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Other Capital Projects Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 265,101,520$ dollars or $90.12 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $5.76 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^41]Special Obligation Bonds

## Revenue Analysis

| Month | FY24 Amended Budget (Year)* | \% of Year complete Budget** | FY24 Budget (YTD) | FY24 Actuals (Month)*** | FY24 Actuals (YTD) | YTD Actual to Budget | Variance Budget - Actuals (YTD) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct | 321,548,814 | 8.33\% | 26,795,735 | $(3,398)$ | $(3,398)$ | 0.00\% | 26,799,133 |
| Nov | 321,548,814 | 16.67\% | 53,591,469 | 272,208,541 | 272,205,143 | 84.65\% | $(218,613,674)$ |
| Dec | 321,548,814 | 25.00\% | 80,387,204 | 1,013,492 | 273,218,635 | 84.97\% | $(192,831,431)$ |
| Jan | 321,548,814 | 33.33\% | 107,182,938 | 1,165,256 | 274,383,891 | 85.33\% | $(167,200,953)$ |
| Feb | 321,548,814 | 41.67\% | 133,978,673 | 736,967 | 275,120,857 | 85.56\% | $(141,142,185)$ |
| Mar | 321,548,814 | 50.00\% | 160,774,407 | 1,227,802 | 276,348,660 | 85.94\% | $(115,574,253)$ |
| Apr | 321,548,814 | 58.33\% | 187,570,142 | 862,022 | 277,210,682 | 86.21\% | $(89,640,540)$ |
| May | 321,548,814 | 66.67\% | 214,365,876 |  |  |  |  |
| Jun | 321,548,814 | 75.00\% | 241,161,611 |  |  |  |  |
| Jul | 321,548,814 | 83.33\% | 267,957,345 |  |  |  |  |
| Aug | 321,548,814 | 91.67\% | 294,753,080 |  |  |  |  |
| Sep | 321,548,814 | 100.00\% | 321,548,814 |  |  |  |  |



As of April 30, 2024, the Special Obligation Bonds revenues are higher than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 89,640,540$ dollars or $47.79 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated revenue year to date constitutes $86.21 \%$. Revenues recorded relate to interest earned and issuance of debt.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Special Obligation Bonds expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 185,443,770$ dollars or $98.87 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $0.66 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^42]** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
*** Unaudited figures

## Transportation and Transit

## Revenue Analysis

| BUDGET TO ACTUAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Revenues for the Transportation and Transit capital fund are transferred from July to September.

## Expenditure Analysis



Consistently, the Transportation and Transit expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 12,284,389$ dollars or $96.68 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $1.94 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^43]
# Section 5 

## Cash Position

As of April 30, 2024, the City of Miami had a balance of cash in the bank of \$ $1,386,591,740$. This balance of cash represents funds that are restricted, encumbered and appropriated along with other funds that are available for general operations of the City.


Of the total balance of cash in the bank, the following amounts are restricted and cannot be used for General Fund operations:
$\Rightarrow$ Special Revenue of $\$ 300,675,375$. Special revenues are specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for expenditure for particular purpose. Examples include Storm Water Fee, Miami-Dade Tourist Tax, etc.
$\Rightarrow$ Debt Service of $\$ 40,345,852$. Debt Service funds represent those dollars that are required to be set aside to pay interest and principal on bonds outstanding.
$\Rightarrow$ Capital projects of $\$ 593,971,033$. Capital Projects represent those dollars that have been appropriated for specific capital construction projects.
$\Rightarrow$ Trust and Agency of $\$ 0.00$ Trust and Agency funds represent those dollars that are held by the City in a trustee or custodial capacity. Example: Elected Officials Retirement Trust.

In addition, some of the cash in the bank is classified as deposits refundable or deferred items that cannot be used. The amount of these funds as of April 30, 2024, is $\$ 337,923,129$.

The remaining amount of the total balance of cash in the bank as of April 30, 2024, that is available for General Fund Operations is \$451,599,481.

Cash Balance as of 04-30-23 and 04-30-24


City of Miami
Cash Position
All Funds
As of April 30, 2024

| DESCRIPTION |  | 3/31/2024 |  | 4/30/2024 | Variance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GENERAL LEDGER CASH BALANCE | \$ | 165,883,255 | \$ | 255,809,234 | \$ | 89,925,979 |
| LESS: O/S CHECKS AND PAYROLL LIABILITIES |  | (11,427,249) |  | (5,789,621) |  | 5,637,628 |
| PLUS: OPERATING INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO |  | 1,229,227,097 |  | 1,136,572,127 |  | (92,654,969) |
| TOTAL POOLED CASH | \$ | 1,383,683,103 | \$ | 1,386,591,740 | \$ | 2,908,638 |


| RESTRICTED CASH |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SPECIAL REVENUE | \$ | 323,493,348 | \$ | 300,675,375 | \$ | (22,817,974) |
| DEBT SERVICE |  | 38,450,252 |  | 40,345,852 |  | 1,895,600 |
| CAPITAL PROJECTS |  | 592,820,609 |  | 593,971,033 |  | 1,150,423 |
| TRUST \& AGENCY |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GENERAL FUND CASH AVAILABLE FOR OPERATION | \$ | 428,918,893 | \$ | 451,599,481 | \$ | 22,680,588 |
| LESS: GENERAL FUND ENCUMBRANCES |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| LESS: GENERAL FUND DEPOSITS REFUNDABLE |  | (40,766,733) |  | (40,850,694) |  | $(83,961)$ |
| LESS: GENERAL FUND DEFERRED ITEMS |  | $(297,090,486)$ |  | (297,072,436) |  | 18,051 |
| LESS: GENERAL FUND DESIGNATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NON SPENDABLE |  | $(51,871,577)$ |  | $(51,871,577)$ |  |  |
| RESTRICTED |  | $(43,250,983)$ |  | $(43,250,983)$ |  |  |
| ASSIGNED |  | $(38,275,173)$ |  | $(38,275,173)$ |  |  |
| UNASSIGNED |  | $(82,598,671)$ |  | $(82,598,671)$ |  |  |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND DESIGNATIONS |  | $(215,996,404)$ |  | (215,996,404) |  | - |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND CASH AVAILABLE NET OF OBLIGATIONS | \$ | $(124,934,730)$ | \$ | $(102,320,052)$ | \$ | 22,614,678 |

# Section 6 

Investments

The City of Miami's Investment Portfolio complies with the City's Adopted Investment Policy. The investment portfolio is comprised of the following:

| Investment | Percentage \% of Portfolio | Yield |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| US Treasury | $61.91 \%$ | $9.9065 \%$ |
| US Instruments/ Agency | $16.12 \%$ | $9.7057 \%$ |
| Corporate Notes | $3.42 \%$ | $3.5428 \%$ |
| Commercial Paper | $18.55 \%$ | $5.6404 \%$ |

PERCENTAGE \% OF PORTFOLIO


The largest portion of the portfolio, 61.91\%, is invested in US Treasury. As of April 30, 2024, the rate of return was $9.9065 \%$.

Monthly yields for FY 2024 are as follows:

| Investment | Yield | Treasury 1 Yr Yield \% | Variance |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| October 2023 | 4.5570 | 5.4400 | $(0.8830)$ |
| November 2023 | 4.6603 | 5.1600 | $(0.4997)$ |
| December 2023 | 4.9471 | 4.7900 | 0.1571 |
| January 2024 | 4.9764 | 4.7300 | 0.2464 |
| February 2024 | 5.0125 | 5.0100 | 0.0025 |
| March 2024 | 5.0327 | 5.0300 | 0.0027 |
| April 2024 | 5.0119 | 5.2500 | $(0.2381)$ |

A comparison of actual interest income for the seven months ended April 30, 2024
is represented as follows:

|  | Interest |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Budgeted | Earned | Cumulative | \% of Budget |

General Fund $\quad 11,500,000$

| Oct-23 |  | 1,639,482 | 1,639,482 | 14.26\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nov-23 |  | 1,595,758 | 3,235,240 | 28.13\% |
| Dec-23 |  | 2,068,817 | 5,304,057 | 46.12\% |
| Jan-24 |  | 2,501,780 | 7,805,838 | 67.88\% |
| Feb-24 |  | 2,240,881 | 10,046,719 | 87.36\% |
| Mar-24 |  | 2,802,994 | 12,849,713 | 111.74\% |
| Apr-24 |  | 2,825,521 | 15,675,234 | 136.31\% |
| Totals | 11,500,000 | 15,675,234 |  | 136.31\% |

Special Revenue Fund

| Oct-23 | 372,528 | 372,528 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nov-23 | 361,228 | 733,757 |  |  |  |  |
| Dec-23 | 597,711 | $1,331,468$ |  |  |  |  |
| Jan-24 | 605,739 | $1,937,206$ |  |  |  |  |
| Feb-24 | 625,627 | $2,562,833$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mar-24 | 557,395 | $3,120,228$ |  |  |  |  |
| Apr-24 |  | $3,560,807$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Projection of General Fund Interest Income for FY 2023-2024

| Month | Cash <br> Balance | Interest <br> Rate | Monthly Interest City Portfolio | Monthly Interest Non City Portfolio | Monthly Total | Cumulative Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actual YTD |  |  | 15,674,578 | 656 |  | 15,675,234 |
| May | 637,420,940 | 5.0327\% | 2,673,290 | 1,000 | 2,674,290 | 18,349,524 |
| June | 774,530,924 | 5.0327\% | 3,248,318 | 1,000 | 3,249,318 | 21,598,843 |
| July | 603,074,698 | 5.0327\% | 2,529,245 | 1,000 | 2,530,245 | 24,129,088 |
| August | 713,380,453 | 5.0327\% | 2,991,858 | 1,000 | 2,992,858 | 27,121,946 |
| September | 571,083,447 | 5.0327\% | 2,395,076 | 1,000 | 2,396,076 | 29,518,022 |
|  |  |  | 29,512,366 | 5,656 | 13,842,788 |  |

City of Miami
Cash Management Pool
Portfolio Characteristics
As of April 30, 2024

| Investment Vehicle | Book Value | Market | \% of Portfolio |  |  | Maturity |  |  | Curr. Mon. Rate of Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Actual Month End | Maximum |  | Actual Month End | Maximum |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | During Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Policy } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | During Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Policy } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Government Obilgations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T Notes | 528,402,770 | 526,501,158 | 46.68\% | 47.10\% | 100\% | 33 mos . | 40 mos. | 66 mos. | 4.7870\% |
| T Bills | 172,435,709 | 172,292,000 | 15.23\% | 53.27\% | 100\% | 6 mos. | 16 mos. | 66 mos . | 5.1195\% |
| Government Obilgations | 700,838,479 | 698,793,158 | 61.91\% |  |  |  |  |  | 9.9065\% |
| Federal Instruments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FHLB | 174,741,398 | 174,405,738 | 15.21\% | 23.36\% | 75\% | 32 mos . | 32 mos . | 66 mos. | 5.1811\% |
| FHLB DN | - | - | 0.00\% | 18.77\% | 75\% | 0 mos. | 9 mos . | 66 mos . | 0.0000\% |
| FHLMC | - | - | 0.00\% | 5.62\% | 75\% | 0 mos. | 36 mos . | 66 mos . | 0.0000\% |
| FHLMC DN | - | - | 0.00\% | 14.90\% | 75\% | 0 mos. | 6 mos . | 66 mos . | 0.0000\% |
| FNMA | - | - | 0.00\% | 7.26\% | 75\% | 0 mos. | 34 mos . | 66 mos . | 0.0000\% |
| FNMA DN | - | - | 0.00\% | 1.20\% | 75\% | 0 mos. | 4 mos. | $66 \mathrm{mos}$. | 0.0000\% |
| FFCB | 10,513,031 | 10,471,289 | 0.92\% | 5.68\% | 75\% | 8 mos . | 24 mos . | 66 mos . | 4.5246\% |
| FFCB DN | - | - | 0.00\% | 3.93\% | 75\% | 0 mos. | 8 mos . | 66 mos. | 0.0000\% |
| Federal Instruments | 185,254,429 | 184,877,027 | 16.12\% |  |  |  |  |  | 9.7057\% |
| Money Market: Treasury | - | - | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 100\% | 0 mos . | 0 mos . | na mos. | 0.0000\% |
| Corporate Notes | 39,173,978 | 38,744,066 | 3.42\% | 10.83\% | 25\% | 50 mos . | 49 mos . | 66 mos . | 3.5428\% |
| Supranational Notes | - | - | 0.00\% | 5.81\% | 25\% | 0 mos. | 36 mos . | 66 mos . | 0.0000\% |
| Foreign Sovereign Bond | - | - | 0.00\% | 0.11\% | 5\% | 0 mos. | 36 mos . | 66 mos . | 0.0000\% |
| Commercial Paper: | 211,305,241 | 211,304,276 | 18.55\% | 32.95\% | 35\% | 4 mos. | 15 mos . | 9 mos . | 5.6404\% |
| Totals | 1,136,572,127 | 1,133,718,527 | $\underline{\text { 100.00\% }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 5.0119\% |

5.0119\%

## Section 7

## Cash Payments Received on

## Major Accounts Receivables

## MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT

The City currently records receivables when they are billed. The major receivables consist of the different categories shown below, of which Business Tax Receipts represents $57 \%$ and Certificate of Use represents 29\%. The City of Miami billed the Business Tax Receipts for FY24 early in July2023 for a total of $\$ 7,458,538.50$. The Certificate of Use for FY24 were billed early in July- 2023 for a total of $\$ 6,054,411.50$. The Burglar Alarm for FY24 was billed in August 4, 2023 for a total of $\$ 513,262.50$. All other major receivables are billed throughout the year. The graph below depicts the percentage of each major category of receivables (Billings net of adjustments and cash receipts) as of Apr 30, 2024.

## MAJOR ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

## Code Enforcement

Ticketing AL82


City of Miami
Cash Payments Received and Aging on Major Account Receivables As of 4/30/24


* The YTD Billing column represents any new licenses and adjustments for the current fiscal year

| Aging Report |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receivable Aging | Type | Amount | Under 30 | 30-59 | 60-89 | 90-119 | 120 \& Over |
| Trash Citation Lien- Code Enf. | AL09 | 73,745.49 | 2,304.00 | 684.55 | 689.86 | 608.65 | 69,458.43 |
| Code Enf. Board-Hearing Fee Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revolving | AL38 | 295,871.74 | - | - | - | - | 295,871.74 |
| Code Enforcement Ticketing | AL82 | 190,171.37 | 9,877.50 | 1,577.50 | 1,605.00 | 1,350.00 | 175,761.37 |
| Trash Citation Lien Solid Waste Dept. | AL9A | 356,053.55 | 34,318.29 | 8,609.95 | 10,350.54 | 2,997.40 | 299,777.37 |
| Burglar Alarms | BA11 | 361,293.11 | 2,547.45 | - | - | 508.50 | 358,237.16 |
| Cert of Use/Supp Waste | CU01 | 2,578,722.16 | 14,438.87 | 723.25 | 329.48 | - | 2,563,230.56 |
| Business Tax Receipts | BTR01 | 5,196,361.12 | - | - | - | - | 5,196,361.12 |
| Totals |  | 9,052,218.54 | 63,486.11 | 11,595.25 | 12,974.88 | 5,464.55 | 8,958,697.75 |

Note:

1) City of Miami's Reserve Policy is to fully reserve all receivables that are 60 Days due or older.

[^0]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^1]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^2]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^3]:    Consistently, the Mainstream Vouchers Program Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 45,659$ dollars or $12.46 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget,

[^4]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^5]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^6]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^7]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^8]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^9]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^10]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^11]:    Consistently, the Economic Development \& Planning Services Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 14,585,776$ dollars or $97.22 \%$. Relative to the

[^12]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^13]:    Consistently, the Emergency Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 36,042,162$ dollars or $63.08 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $21.54 \%$. Overall, the revenues are lower than the expenditures, resulting in an unfavorable trend.

[^14]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^15]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^16]:    Consistently, the Liberty City Revitalization Trust Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 33,084$ dollars or $6.81 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget,

[^17]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^18]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^19]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^20]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^21]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^22]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^23]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^24]:    Consistently, the Parks \& Recreation Services Special Revenue Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 12,331$ dollars or $2.64 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the

[^25]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^26]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^27]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^28]:    Consistently, the Solid Waste Recycling Trust expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 65,594$ dollars or $96.94 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated

[^29]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^30]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^31]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^32]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^33]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^34]:    

[^35]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ${ }^{* *}$ This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^36]:    Consistently, the CRA Capital Projects Fund expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 0$ dollars or 0\%. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to

[^37]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^38]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department. To be adjusted in a future period.
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^39]:    Consistently, the Impact Fee expenditures are lower than the Budget (YTD) by $\$ 12,189,475$ dollars or $62.08 \%$. Relative to the Amended Budget, the accumulated expenditures year to date constitute $22.12 \%$. Overall, the revenues are higher than the expenditures, resulting in a favorable trend.

[^40]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department. To be adjusted in a future period.
    ${ }^{* *}$ This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^41]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department. To be adjusted in a future period
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

[^42]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department

[^43]:    * Figures provided by the Budget Department
    ** This should be used only as a general guide since most revenues and expenditures do not follow a linear pattern.
    *** Unaudited figures

